

Legal
W. J. [unclear]

83^d CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. CON. RES. 169

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JULY 23, 1953

Mr. ZABLOCKI submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Rules

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

1 *Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate*
2 *concurring)*, That there is hereby established a Joint Com-
3 mittee on Intelligence Matters to be composed of nine
4 Members of the Senate to be appointed by the President
5 of the Senate, and nine Members of the House of Repre-
6 sentatives to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of
7 Representatives. In each instance not more than five Mem-
8 bers shall be members of the same political party.

9 SEC. 2. The joint committee shall make continuing
10 studies of the intelligence activities and problems relating to
11 the gathering of intelligence affecting the national security
12 and of its coordination and utilization by the various de-

1 partments, agencies, and instrumentalities of the Govern-
2 ment. The Central Intelligence Agency and related intel-
3 ligence services shall keep the joint committee fully and cur-
4 rently informed with respect to their activities. All bills,
5 resolutions, and other matters in the Senate or the House of
6 Representatives relating primarily to the Central Intelli-
7 gence Agency and related intelligence services shall be re-
8 ferred to the joint committee. The members of the joint
9 committee who are members of the Senate shall from time to
10 time report to the Senate, and the members of the joint
11 committee who are members of the House of Representatives
12 shall from time to time report to the House, by bill or
13 otherwise, their recommendations with respect to matters
14 within the jurisdiction of their respective Houses which are
15 (1) referred to the joint committee or (2) otherwise within
16 the jurisdiction of the joint committee.

17 SEC. 3. Vacancies in the membership of the joint com-
18 mittee shall not affect the power of the remaining members
19 to execute the functions of the joint committee, and shall be
20 filled in the same manner as in the case of the original
21 selection. The joint committee shall select a chairman and
22 a vice chairman from among its members.

23 SEC. 4. The joint committee, or any duly authorized
24 subcommittee thereof is authorized to hold such hearings, to

1 sit and act at such places and times, to require, by subpena or
2 otherwise, the attendance of such witnesses and the produc-
3 tion of such books, papers, and documents, to administer
4 such oaths, to take such testimony, to procure such printing
5 and binding, and to make such expenditures as it deems
6 advisable. The cost of stenographic services to report such
7 hearings shall not be in excess of 25 cents per hundred words.

8 SEC. 5. The joint committee is empowered to appoint
9 such experts, consultants, technicians, and clerical and steno-
10 graphic assistants as it deems necessary and advisable. The
11 committee is authorized to utilize the services, information,
12 facilities, and personnel of the departments and establish-
13 ments of the Government.

14 SEC. 6. The expenses of the joint committee, which shall
15 not exceed \$ per year, shall be paid one-half from
16 the contingent fund of the Senate and one-half from the con-
17 tingent fund of the House of Representatives upon vouchers
18 signed by the chairman. Disbursements to pay such ex-
19 penses shall be made by the Secretary of the Senate out of
20 the contingent fund of the Senate, such contingent fund to
21 be reimbursed from the contingent fund of the House of Rep-
22 resentatives in the amount of one-half of the disbursement
23 so made.

83d CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. CON. RES. 169

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Establishing a Joint Committee on Intelligence
Matters.

By Mr. ZABLOCKI

JULY 28, 1963

Referred to the Committee on Rules

83^d CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. CON. RES. 167

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JULY 21, 1953

Mr. PATTERSON submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Rules

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

1 *Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate*
2 *concurring)*, That there is hereby established a Joint Com-
3 mittee on Central Intelligence to be composed of nine Mem-
4 bers of the Senate to be appointed by the President of the
5 Senate, and nine Members of the House of Representatives
6 to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representa-
7 tives. In each instance not more than five Members shall
8 be members of the same political party.

9 SEC. 2 The joint committee shall make continuing studies
10 of the activities of the Central Intelligence Agency and of
11 problems relating to the gathering of intelligence affecting the
12 national security and of its coordination and utilization by the

1 various departments, agencies, and instrumentalities of the
2 Government. The Central Intelligence Agency shall keep
3 the joint committee fully and currently informed with respect
4 to its activities. All bills, resolutions, and other matters in the
5 Senate or the House of Representatives relating primarily to
6 the Central Intelligence Agency shall be referred to the joint
7 committee. The members of the joint committee who are
8 Members of the Senate shall from time to time report to the
9 Senate, and the members of the joint committee who are
10 Members of the House of Representatives shall from time to
11 time report to the House, by bill or otherwise, their recom-
12 mendations with respect to matters within the jurisdiction
13 of their respective Houses which are (1) referred to the joint
14 committee or (2) otherwise within the jurisdiction of the
15 joint committee.

16 SEC. 3. Vacancies in the membership of the joint com-
17 mittee shall not affect the power of the remaining members
18 to execute the functions of the joint committee, and shall
19 be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original
20 selection. The joint committee shall select a chairman and
21 a vice chairman from among its members.

22 SEC. 4. The joint committee, or any duly authorized
23 subcommittee thereof, is authorized to hold such hearings,
24 to sit and act at such places and times, to require, by sub-
25 pena or otherwise, the attendance of such witnesses and the

1 production of such books, papers, and documents, to admin-
2 ister such oaths, to take such testimony, to procure such
3 printing and binding and to make such expenditures as it
4 deems advisable. The cost of stenographic services to report
5 such hearings shall not be in excess of 25 cents per hundred
6 words.

7 SEC. 5. The joint committee is empowered to appoint
8 such experts, consultants, technicians, and clerical and steno-
9 graphic assistants as it deems necessary and advisable. The
10 committee is authorized to utilize the services, information,
11 facilities, and personnel of the departments and establish-
12 ments of the Government.

13 SEC. 6. The expenses of the joint committee, which shall
14 not exceed \$ per year, shall be paid one-half from
15 the contingent fund of the Senate and one-half from the con-
16 tingent fund of the House of Representatives upon vouchers
17 signed by the chairman. Disbursements to pay such ex-
18 penses shall be made by the Secretary of the Senate out of
19 the contingent fund of the Senate, such contingent fund to
20 be reimbursed from the contingent fund of the House of
21 Representatives in the amount of one-half of the disburse-
22 ments so made.

83d CONGRESS
1ST Session

H. CON. RES. 167

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Establishing a Joint Committee on Central
Intelligence.

By Mr. PATTERSON

JULY 21, 1953

Referred to the Committee on Rules

83^D CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. CON. RES. 42

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JULY 20 (legislative day, JULY 6), 1953

MR. MANSFIELD submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Armed Services

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

1 *Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives*
2 *concurring)*, That there is hereby established a Joint Com-
3 mittee on Central Intelligence to be composed of nine Mem-
4 bers of the Senate to be appointed by the President of the
5 Senate, and nine Members of the House of Representatives
6 to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representa-
7 tives. In each instance not more than five members shall
8 be members of the same political party.

9 SEC. 2. The joint committee shall make continuing
10 studies of the activities of the Central Intelligence Agency
11 and of problems relating to the gathering of intelligence
12 affecting the national security and of its coordination and

1 utilization by the various departments, agencies, and instru-
2 mentalities of the Government. The Central Intelligence
3 Agency shall keep the joint committee fully and currently
4 informed with respect to its activities. All bills, resolutions,
5 and other matters in the Senate or the House of Repre-
6 sentatives relating primarily to the Central Intelligence
7 Agency shall be referred to the joint committee. The mem-
8 bers of the joint committee who are Members of the Senate
9 shall from time to time report to the Senate, and the members
10 of the joint committee who are Members of the House of
11 Representatives shall from time to time report to the House,
12 by bill or otherwise, their recommendations with respect to
13 matters within the jurisdiction of their respective Houses
14 which are (1) referred to the joint committee or (2) other-
15 wise within the jurisdiction of the joint committee.

16 SEC. 3. Vacancies in the membership of the joint com-
17 mittee shall not affect the power of the remaining members
18 to execute the functions of the joint committee, and shall be
19 filled in the same manner as in the case of the original selec-
20 tion. The joint committee shall select a chairman and a
21 vice chairman from among its members.

22 SEC. 4. The joint committee, or any duly authorized
23 subcommittee thereof, is authorized to hold such hearings, to
24 sit and act at such places and times, to require, by subpoena
25 or otherwise, the attendance of such witnesses and the pro-

1 duction of such books, papers, and documents, to administer
2 such oaths, to take such testimony, to procure such printing
3 and binding, and to make such expenditures as it deems
4 advisable. The cost of stenographic services to report such
5 hearings shall not be in excess of 25 cents per hundred words.

6 SEC. 5. The joint committee is empowered to appoint
7 such experts, consultants, technicians, and clerical and steno-
8 graphic assistants as it deems necessary and advisable. The
9 committee is authorized to utilize the services, information,
10 facilities, and personnel of the departments and establish-
11 ments of the Government.

12 SEC. 6. The expenses of the joint committee, which shall
13 not exceed \$ per year, shall be paid one-half from
14 the contingent fund of the Senate and one-half from the con-
15 tingent fund of the House of Representatives upon vouchers
16 signed by the chairman. Disbursements to pay such ex-
17 penses shall be made by the Secretary of the Senate out of
18 the contingent fund of the Senate, such contingent fund to
19 be reimbursed from the contingent fund of the House of
20 Representatives in the amount of one-half of the disburse-
21 ments so made.

83d CONGRESS
1st Session

S. CON. RES. 42

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Establishing a Joint Committee on Central
Intelligence.

By Mr. MANSFIELD

June 20 (legislative day, June 6), 1953
Referred to the Committee on Armed Services

83D CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 4224

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 25, 1953

Mr. SHORT introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Armed Services

A BILL

To amend the National Security Act of 1947 to authorize the appointment of a Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That subsections (a) and (b) of section 102 of the National
4 Security Act of 1947, as amended, is amended to read as
5 follows:

6 "SEC. 102. (a) There is hereby established under the
7 National Security Council a Central Intelligence Agency
8 with a Director of Central Intelligence who shall be the
9 head thereof, and with a Deputy Director of Central Intelli-
10 gence who shall act for, and exercise the powers of, the

1 Director during his absence or disability. The Director and
2 the Deputy Director shall be appointed by the President,
3 by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from
4 among the commissioned officers of the armed services,
5 whether in an active or retired status, or from among indi-
6 viduals in civilian life: *Provided, however,* That at no time
7 shall the two positions of the Director and Deputy Director
8 be occupied simultaneously by commissioned officers of the
9 armed services, whether in an active or retired status.

10 “(b) (1) If a commissioned officer of the armed serv-
11 ices is appointed as Director, or Deputy Director, then—

12 “(A) in the performance of his duties as Director,
13 or Deputy Director, he shall be subject to no supervision,
14 control, restriction, or prohibition (military or other-
15 wise) other than would be operative with respect to
16 him if he were a civilian in no way connected with the
17 Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy,
18 the Department of the Air Force, or the armed services
19 or any component thereof; and

20 “(B) he shall not possess or exercise any supervi-
21 sion, control, powers, or functions (other than such as he
22 possesses, or is authorized or directed to exercise, as
23 Director, or Deputy Director) with respect to the armed
24 services or any component thereof, the Department of
25 the Army, the Department of the Navy, or the Depart-

1 ment of the Air Force, or any branch, bureau, unit, or
2 division thereof, or with respect to any of the personnel
3 (military or civilian) of any of the foregoing.

4 “(2) Except as provided in paragraph (1), the ap-
5 pointment to the office of Director, or Deputy Director, of a
6 commissioned officer of the armed services, and his accept-
7 ance of and service in such office, shall in no way affect any
8 status, office, rank, or grade he may occupy or hold in the
9 armed services, or any emolument, perquisite, right, privi-
10 lege, or benefit incident to or arising out of any such status,
11 office, rank, or grade. Any such commissioned officer shall,
12 while serving in the office of Director, or Deputy Director,
13 continue to hold rank and grade not lower than that in which
14 serving at the time of his appointment and to receive the
15 military pay and allowances (active or retired, as the case
16 may be, including personal money allowance) payable to a
17 commissioned officer of his grade and length of service for
18 which the appropriate department shall be reimbursed from
19 any funds available to defray the expenses of the Central
20 Intelligence Agency. He also shall be paid by the Central
21 Intelligence Agency from such funds an annual compensa-
22 tion at a rate equal to the amount by which the compensation
23 established for such position exceeds the amount of his annual
24 military pay and allowances.

25 “(3) The rank or grade of any such commissioned

4

1 officer shall, during the period in which such commissioned
2 officer occupies the office of Director of Central Intelligence,
3 or Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, be in addition to
4 the numbers and percentages otherwise authorized and appro-
5 priated for the armed service of which he is a member.”

83d CONGRESS
1ST Session

H. R. 4224

A BILL

To amend the National Security Act of 1947,
to authorize the appointment of a Deputy
Director of Central Intelligence, and for
other purposes.

By Mr. SHORT

MARCH 25, 1953

Referred to the Committee on Armed Services

83D CONGRESS } HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES } REPORT
1st Session } } No. 219

AUTHORIZING THE APPOINTMENT OF A DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

MARCH 30, 1953.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the
State of the Union and ordered to be printed

Mr. SHORT, from the Committee on Armed Services, submitted the
following

REPORT

[To accompany S. 1110]

The Committee on Armed Services, to whom was referred the bill
(S. 1110) to authorize the appointment of a Deputy Director of
Central Intelligence, having considered the same, report favorably
thereon with an amendment and recommend that the bill as amended
do pass.

The amendment is as follows:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert in lieu thereof
the following:

That subsections (a) and (b) of section 102 of the National Security Act of 1947,
as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 102. (a) There is hereby established under the National Security Council
a Central Intelligence Agency with a Director of Central Intelligence who shall
be the head thereof, and with a Deputy Director of Central Intelligence who shall
act for, and exercise the powers of, the Director during his absence or disability.
The Director and the Deputy Director shall be appointed by the President, by
and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from among the commissioned
officers of the armed services, whether in an active or retired status, or from among
individuals in civilian life: *Provided, however,* That at no time shall the two positions
of the Director and Deputy Director be occupied simultaneously by commissioned
officers of the armed services, whether in an active or retired status.

"(b) (1) If a commissioned officer of the armed services is appointed as
Director, or Deputy Director, then—

"(A) in the performance of his duties as Director, or Deputy Director, he
shall be subject to no supervision, control, restriction, or prohibition (military
or otherwise) other than would be operative with respect to him if he were a
civilian in no way connected with the Department of the Army, the Depart-
ment of the Navy, the Department of the Air Force, or the armed services
or any component thereof; and

"(B) he shall not possess or exercise any supervision, control, powers, or
functions (other than such as he possesses, or is authorized or directed to
exercise, as Director, or Deputy Director) with respect to the armed services

or any component thereof, the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, or the Department of the Air Force, or any branch, bureau, unit, or division thereof, or with respect to any of the personnel (military or civilian) of any of the foregoing.

"(2) Except as provided in paragraph (1), the appointment to the office of Director, or Deputy Director, of a commissioned officer of the armed services, and his acceptance of and service in such office, shall in no way affect any status, office, rank, or grade he may occupy or hold in the armed services, or any emolument, perquisite, right, privilege, or benefit incident to or arising out of any such status, office, rank, or grade. Any such commissioned officer shall, while serving in the office of Director, or Deputy Director, continue to hold rank and grade not lower than that in which serving at the time of his appointment and to receive the military pay and allowances (active or retired, as the case may be, including personal money allowance) payable to a commissioned officer of his grade and length of service for which the appropriate department shall be reimbursed from any funds available to defray the expenses of the Central Intelligence Agency. He also shall be paid by the Central Intelligence Agency from such funds an annual compensation at a rate equal to the amount by which the compensation established for such position exceeds the amount of his annual military pay and allowances.

"(3) The rank or grade of any such commissioned officer shall, during the period in which such commissioned officer occupies the office of Director of Central Intelligence, or Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, be in addition to the numbers and percentages otherwise authorized and appropriated for the armed service of which he is a member."

Amend the title to read as follows:

A bill to amend the National Security Act of 1947 to authorize the appointment of a Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, and for other purposes.

The purpose of the proposed legislation is to authorize the appointment of a Deputy Director of the Central Intelligence Agency.

Section 102 of the National Security Act establishes the Central Intelligence Agency and authorizes the appointment of a Director by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Director may be a civilian or a commissioned officer.

There is no existing provision of law establishing a Deputy Director with statutory authority to act for the Director or to perform such functions as the Director may assign to him.

Thus, the proposed law would create the office of a Deputy Director of the Central Intelligence Agency and authorize the President to appoint a Deputy Director, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from among civilians or commissioned officers, similar to the basic law with respect to the Director.

Although Deputy Directors have been appointed under the authority of the Executive Pay Act of 1949, there is no provision of law which would permit a commissioned officer or retired officer to be appointed to this position. As a matter of fact, existing law prohibits the appointment of an Army or Air Force officer to any office, elective or appointive, unless the officer vacates his commission (10 U. S. C. A. 576).

Up until the appointment of the present Director, Mr. Allen Dulles, the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency has always been a military officer; the Deputy Director has been a civilian since 1950.

The Central Intelligence Agency is most desirous of obtaining legislation of this nature in order that a Deputy Director may be appointed.

It is the intention of the President to appoint an Air Force lieutenant general to this position as soon as the law is enacted.

It should be noted that the proposed legislation contains adequate provisions designed to free a military officer appointed as Deputy Director from supervision or control from higher echelons and from responsibility for, or direction of lower echelons, in the Military Establishment while serving in the position of Deputy Director. In the case of a military officer appointed as Deputy Director provision is made to protect all rights and privileges arising out of his military office. A commissioned officer of the Armed Forces serving as Director or Deputy Director would continue to receive the pay and allowances to which an officer of his grade and length of service is entitled, for which the appropriate military department would be reimbursed from funds available to the Central Intelligence Agency. In the event that the military pay and allowances of the officer were less than the rate established for the position of Director or Deputy Director, the officer would be paid, by the Central Intelligence Agency, compensation equal to the amount by which the salary established for the office exceeds his military pay and allowances. Present law authorizes this for the Director, but does not require the Central Intelligence Agency to reimburse the military department from which the officer receives his military pay.

The proposed legislation also permits the appointment of a retired officer to the office of Director or Deputy Director, similar to existing law with reference to the Director.

Existing law also contains the same protection and restrictions on a military officer serving as Director.

The only change from existing law with respect to pay for the Deputy Director as compared to the law now applicable to the Director and Deputy Director is that part of the proposed legislation which provides that the Director or Deputy Director, if either is a military man, shall be paid by the military department, but the Central Intelligence Agency will reimburse the military departments.

The proposed legislation will not permit an officer to draw the full pay of the statutory office and the pay and allowances of his military grade. The commissioned officer occupying the office of Director or Deputy Director may only draw from the Agency itself the difference between the pay of the office, and his military pay, should the pay of the office exceed his military pay.

EXPLANATION OF COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

The Committee on Armed Services is of the opinion that any proposed legislation which affects the basic law with respect to the Central Intelligence Agency should be in the nature of an amendment to that basic law. Thus the committee amendment amends the National Security Act which created the Central Intelligence Agency.

The bill S. 1110, as passed by the Senate, would have permitted the Deputy Director, if a military officer, to be—

in addition to the number and percentages otherwise authorized and appropriated for the armed service of which he is a member.

Because there were no limitations on the numbers of officers occupying specific grades in the Armed Forces when the National Security Act was passed in 1947 there was no language authorizing the Director if a commissioned officer to be—

in addition to the numbers and percentages otherwise authorized and appropriated for the armed service of which he is a member—

provided in that act. The committee feels that the law should be identical for the Director and Deputy Director in this respect. Thus the bill, as amended by the committee, permits both the Director, or the Deputy Director, to be—

in addition to the numbers and percentages otherwise authorized and appropriated for the armed service of which he is a member—

if the Director or Deputy Director is a commissioned officer. As a result, the law will then be consistent with respect to the Director and Deputy Director.

Since the Committee on Armed Services is now conducting extensive hearings on the question of the number of high-ranking officers now serving on active duty in our Armed Forces, the committee examined this proposed provision of law very carefully and came to the conclusion that it was fully justified. The proposed legislation, if enacted, requires the Agency to reimburse the armed service of which the Director or Deputy Director is a member. Thus, in the event that either the Director or Deputy Director is a commissioned officer, no additional funds for the military department concerned will be involved if that armed service is permitted to advance another officer to the rank held by the officer paid as the Director or Deputy Director. Nevertheless, the proposed legislation will permit one service to have on active duty one additional officer in a high grade over and above that now or hereafter authorized by law.

But it should be noted that no service will benefit, directly, by having one of its officers appointed as Director or Deputy Director. In fact, it is obvious that any service which is called upon to supply the Director or Deputy Director will operate under a handicap unless it is permitted to advance another officer to the grade previously occupied by the newly appointed Director or Deputy Director.

The Committee on Armed Services feels that the office of Director or Deputy Director is important to the Nation as a whole. The occupancy of the office of Director or Deputy Director by an officer of the Armed Forces should not operate so as to penalize the service which furnishes the officer, for it should be remembered that any military officer so designated will be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. It would be unfair to the service called upon to furnish the officer to have charged against it the officer grade held by the Director or Deputy Director.

It should be further noted that the Senate bill would have resulted in the possible appointment of two military persons to the positions of Director and Deputy Director. The Committee on Armed Services, in its amendment to the bill, precludes the possibility of military officers simultaneously occupying the positions of Director and Deputy Director. The committee feels that at all times either the Director or Deputy Director should be a civilian and that at no time should it be possible for both offices to be occupied by military personnel.

Under existing law, the Director, as a commissioned officer, is paid by his military service and the Agency does not reimburse the military department. However, the Senate bill would have required the Central Intelligence Agency to reimburse the military department in the event that a commissioned officer was appointed as the Deputy Director. This would have resulted in an inconsistency with respect to the positions of Director and Deputy Director. Thus, the committee amendment would amend the basic law so as to require the

Agency to reimburse the military department for the pay and allowances paid to the commissioned officer whether he be the Director or the Deputy Director.

It should be further noted that the committee amendment removes from the basic law the language dealing with the salary of the Director since the Executive Pay Act of 1949 provides for the present pay not only of the Director but also of the Deputy Director.

It is of interest to note that the Executive Pay Act of 1949 has been held by some to create a statutory office of the position of Deputy Director. The doubt created by this interpretation necessitates the enactment of the proposed legislation. Prior to 1949 it had been possible to designate a military man as a Deputy Director without violating the provision of law which prohibits the appointment of a commissioned officer to an elective or appointive office.

The Committee on Armed Services unanimously recommends the enactment of the proposed legislation as amended by the committee. No additional cost to the Government is involved. The Bureau of the Budget in its letter to the chairman of the Senate Armed Services Committee indicated that there was no objection to the proposed bill in the form in which it was originally introduced. In addition, the Bureau of the Budget has also indicated that there is no objection to that part of the proposed legislation which permits an officer appointed as Deputy Director to be an additional number in grade. The committee has also been informally advised that there is no objection to the committee amendment which permits either the Director and Deputy Director to be—

in addition to the numbers and percentages otherwise authorized and appropriated for the armed service of which he is a member—

if the Director or Deputy Director is a commissioned officer.

The two letters to the Senate Armed Services Committee are attached and hereby made a part of this report.

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY,
OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR,
Washington D. C., February 24, 1953.

Hon. LEVERETT SALTONSTALL,
Chairman, Committee on Armed Services,
United States Senate, Washington, D. C.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: There is forwarded herewith a draft of legislation to authorize the President to appoint a Deputy Director of Central Intelligence from among individuals in private life or commissioned officers of the armed services.

Up to the present the office of the Director of Central Intelligence has been held by commissioned officers of the armed services, as was authorized by law. No such authority exists for the position of the deputy. This proposed legislation, therefore, would permit the appointment of such an officer and would insofar as possible free him from the outside control which would normally apply to an officer of the armed services and from any command functions except as may pertain to the office of Deputy Director. On the other hand, it provides that he would retain the military status and grade held by him immediately prior to such appointment.

This proposed bill has been submitted to the Bureau of the Budget, and we have been advised that they have no objection to its presentation to the Congress in its present form.

Sincerely,

ALLEN W. DULLES, *Acting Director.*

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
Washington, March 10, 1953.

HON. LEVERETT SALTONSTALL,
Chairman, Committee on Armed Services,
United States Senate.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: I refer to your request for the views of the Department of Defense on S. 1110, a bill to authorize the appointment of a Deputy Director of Central Intelligence. The Secretary of Defense has assigned to the Department of the Air Force responsibility for providing your committee with a report on this legislation on behalf of the Department of Defense.

The purpose of S. 1110 is to authorize the President to appoint a Deputy Director of Central Intelligence from among individuals in civilian life or commissioned officers of the armed services. It contains provisions pertaining to the rate of compensation which the individual appointed to such position shall receive, and protects the military status, rights, privileges, and benefits of commissioned officers of the armed services appointed to such position.

In the interest of national security, the Department of Defense is in accord with providing statutory authority to facilitate the appointment of a commissioned officer of the armed services to this important position. It is believed that such a provision of law will facilitate selection and appointment of the most highly qualified men available. It is desired to point out, however, that in its present form the bill would adversely affect the armed service of which the appointee is a member.

When a commissioned officer is appointed to fill the position to be established by the bill, the duties and responsibilities which he is discharging at the time of his appointment must be assumed by another officer. There is no change in the mission and requirements of the armed service of which he is a member and which form the basis for the officer ranks and grades authorized and appropriated for that armed service. Allocation of one of these ranks or grades to a position outside of the Department of Defense and to which no consideration was given at the time authorizations were made would not appear to be sound practice. It is, therefore, recommended that a new section be added following section 4, to read as follows:

"Sec. 5. The rank or grade of any such commissioned officer shall be in addition to the numbers and percentages otherwise authorized and appropriated for the armed service of which he is a member."

Incorporation of the above language would not have the effect of authorizing an additional rank or grade for the armed service concerned since the numbers of such ranks or grades available for utilization by that armed service in discharging its assigned missions and responsibilities would remain unchanged.

Enactment of this proposed legislation will not result in the expenditure of any additional funds by the Department of Defense.

This report has been coordinated among the departments and boards of the Department of Defense in accordance with procedures prescribed by the Secretary of Defense.

The Bureau of the Budget has advised that there is no objection to the submission of this report.

Sincerely yours,

HAROLD E. TALBOTT.

CHANGES IN EXISTING LAW

In compliance with clause 3 of rule XIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, changes in existing law made by the bill are shown as follows: existing law in which no change is made is in roman, new language is in italic, and that part which is omitted is enclosed in black brackets.

SEC. 102. (a) There is hereby established under the National Security Council a Central Intelligence Agency with a Director of Central Intelligence, who shall be the head thereof, and with a Deputy Director of Central Intelligence who shall act for, and exercise the powers of, the Director during his absence or disability. The Director and the Deputy Director shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from among the commissioned officers of the armed services, whether in an active or retired status, or from among individuals

in civilian life: *Provided, however, That at no time shall the two positions of Director and Deputy Director be occupied simultaneously by commissioned officers of the armed services, whether in an active or retired status. [The Director shall receive compensation at the rate of \$16,000 a year.]*

(b) (1) If a commissioned officer of the armed services is appointed as Director, or Deputy Director, then—

(A) in the performance of his duties as Director, or Deputy Director, he shall be subject to no supervision, control, restriction, or prohibition (military or otherwise) other than would be operative with respect to him if he were a civilian in no way connected with the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, the Department of the Air Force, or the armed services or any component thereof; and

(B) he shall not possess or exercise any supervision, control powers, or functions (other than such as he possesses, or is authorized or directed to exercise, as Director, or Deputy Director) with respect to the armed services or any component thereof, the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, or the Department of the Air Force, or any branch, bureau, unit or division thereof, or with respect to any of the personnel (military or civilian) of any of the foregoing.

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (1), the appointment to the office of Director, or Deputy Director, of a commissioned officer of the armed services, and his acceptance of and service in such office, shall in no way affect any status, office, rank, or grade he may occupy or hold in the armed services, or any emolument, perquisite, right, privilege, or benefit incident to or arising out of any such status, office, rank, or grade. Any such commissioned officer shall, while serving in the office of Director, or Deputy Director, *continue to hold rank and grade not lower than that in which serving at the time of his appointment and to receive the military pay and allowances (active or retired, as the case may be, including personal money allowance) payable to a commissioned officer of his grade and length of service for which the appropriate department shall be reimbursed from any funds available to defray the expenses of the Central Intelligence Agency [and]. He also shall be paid by the Central Intelligence Agency from [any] such funds [available to defray the expenses of the Agency,] an annual compensation at a rate equal to the amount by which [\$16,000] the compensation established for such position exceeds the amount of his annual military pay and allowances.*

* * * * *

(3) *The rank or grade of any such commissioned officer shall, during the period in which such commissioned officer occupies the office of Director of Central Intelligence, or Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, be in addition to the numbers and percentages otherwise authorized and appropriated for the armed service of which he is a member.*

○

Union Calendar No. 56

83^d CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. 1110

[Report No. 219]

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 19, 1953

Referred to the Committee on Armed Services

MARCH 30, 1953

Reported with amendments, committed to the Committee of the Whole House
on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

AN ACT

To authorize the appointment of a Deputy Director of Central
Intelligence.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That the President is authorized to appoint, by and with the
4 advice and consent of the Senate, a Deputy Director of
5 Central Intelligence, from among individuals in civilian life
6 or commissioned officers of the armed services, whether in an
7 active or retired status, who shall receive compensation at
8 the rate established for such position. The Deputy Director
9 of Central Intelligence shall perform such duties and exercise
10 such powers as shall be prescribed by the Director of Central

1 Intelligence or by law and shall act for, and exercise the
2 powers of, the Director during his absence or disability.

3 SEC. 2. If a commissioned officer of the armed services is
4 appointed as Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, he
5 shall be subject to no supervision, control, restriction, or
6 prohibition (military or otherwise) other than would be
7 operative with respect to him if he were in no way connected
8 with the Department of Defense or the armed services or any
9 component thereof. He shall not possess or exercise any
10 supervision, control, powers, or functions (other than such
11 as he may possess or as may be prescribed for him as Deputy
12 Director of Central Intelligence) with respect to the armed
13 services or any component thereof, the Department of De-
14 fense, or any department, branch, bureau, unit, or division
15 thereof, or with respect to any of the personnel (military
16 or civilian) of any of the foregoing.

17 SEC. 3. Except as provided herein, appointment to,
18 acceptance of, and service as Deputy Director of Central
19 Intelligence shall in no way affect any status, office, rank, or
20 grade which a commissioned officer of the armed services
21 may occupy or hold in the armed services, or any emol-
22 ument, perquisite, right, privilege, or benefit incident to or
23 arising out of any such status, office, rank, or grade.

24 SEC. 4. Any such commissioned officer shall, while serv-
25 ing as Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, continue to

1 hold rank and grade not lower than that in which serving at
2 the time of his appointment and to receive the military pay
3 and allowances (active or retired, as the case may be, in-
4 cluding personal money allowance) payable to a commis-
5 sioned officer of his grade and length of service, for which
6 the appropriate department shall be reimbursed from any
7 funds available to defray the expenses of the Central In-
8 telligence Agency. He shall also be paid by the Central
9 Intelligence Agency from such funds an annual compensa-
10 tion at a rate equal to the amount by which the salary es-
11 tablished for that office exceeds the amount of his annual
12 military pay and allowances.

13 SEC. 5. The rank or grade of any such commissioned
14 officer shall, during the period in which such commissioned
15 officer occupies the office of Deputy Director of Central In-
16 telligence, be in addition to the numbers and percentages
17 otherwise authorized and appropriated for the armed service
18 of which he is a member.

19 That subsections (a) and (b) of section 102 of the National
20 Security Act of 1947, as amended, is amended to read as
21 follows:

22 "SEC. 102. (a) There is hereby established under the
23 National Security Council a Central Intelligence Agency
24 with a Director of Central Intelligence who shall be the
25 head thereof, and with a Deputy Director of Central Intelli-

1 *gence who shall act for, and exercise the powers of, the*
2 *Director during his absence or disability. The Director and*
3 *the Deputy Director shall be appointed by the President,*
4 *by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from*
5 *among the commissioned officers of the armed services,*
6 *whether in an active or retired status, or from among indi-*
7 *viduals in civilian life: Provided, however, That at no time*
8 *shall the two positions of the Director and Deputy Director*
9 *be occupied simultaneously by commissioned officers of the*
10 *armed services, whether in an active or retired status.*

11 *“(b) (1) If a commissioned officer of the armed serv-*
12 *ices is appointed as Director, or Deputy Director, then—*

13 *“(A) in the performance of his duties as Director,*
14 *or Deputy Director, he shall be subject to no supervision,*
15 *control, restriction, or prohibition (military or other-*
16 *wise) other than would be operative with respect to*
17 *him if he were a civilian in no way connected with the*
18 *Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy,*
19 *the Department of the Air Force, or the armed services*
20 *or any component thereof; and*

21 *“(B) he shall not possess or exercise any supervi-*
22 *sion, control, powers, or functions (other than such as he*
23 *possesses, or is authorized or directed to exercise, as*
24 *Director, or Deputy Director) with respect to the armed*
25 *services or any component thereof, the Department of*

1 “(3) *The rank or grade of any such commissioned*
2 *officer shall, during the period in which such commissioned*
3 *officer occupies the office of Director of Central Intelligence,*
4 *or Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, be in addition to*
5 *the numbers and percentages otherwise authorized and ap-*
6 *propriated for the armed service of which he is a member.”*

Amend the title so as to read: “An Act to amend the National Security Act of 1947 to authorize the appointment of a Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, and for other purposes.”

Passed the Senate March 18, 1953.

Attest:

J. MARK TRICE,

Secretary.

1 *the Army, the Department of the Navy, or the Depart-*
2 *ment of the Air Force, or any branch, bureau, unit, or*
3 *division thereof, or with respect to any of the personnel*
4 *(military or civilian) of any of the foregoing.*

5 *"(2) Except as provided in paragraph (1), the ap-*
6 *pointment to the office of Director, or Deputy Director, of a*
7 *commissioned officer of the armed services, and his accept-*
8 *ance of and service in such office, shall in no way affect any*
9 *status, office, rank, or grade he may occupy or hold in the*
10 *armed services, or any emolument, perquisite, right, privi-*
11 *lege, or benefit incident to or arising out of any such status,*
12 *office, rank, or grade. Any such commissioned officer shall,*
13 *while serving in the office of Director, or Deputy Director,*
14 *continue to hold rank and grade not lower than that in which*
15 *serving at the time of his appointment and to receive the*
16 *military pay and allowances (active or retired, as the case*
17 *may be, including personal money allowance) payable to a*
18 *commissioned officer of his grade and length of service for*
19 *which the appropriate department shall be reimbursed from*
20 *any funds available to defray the expenses of the Central*
21 *Intelligence Agency. He also shall be paid by the Central*
22 *Intelligence Agency from such funds an annual compensa-*
23 *tion at a rate equal to the amount by which the compensation*
24 *established for such position exceeds the amount of his annual*
25 *military pay and allowances.*

Union Calendar No. 56

83rd CONGRESS
1ST Session

S. 1110

[Report No. 219]

AN ACT

To authorize the appointment of a Deputy
Director of Central Intelligence.

MARCH 19, 1953

Referred to the Committee on Armed Services

MARCH 30, 1953

Reported with amendments, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

Legal -
Calendar No. 80

83D CONGRESS
1st Session

SENATE

REPORT
No. 82

AUTHORIZING THE APPOINTMENT OF A DEPUTY
DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

MARCH 13, 1953.—Ordered to be printed

Mrs. SMITH (for Mr. SALTONSTALL), from the Committee on Armed
Services, submitted the following

R E P O R T

[To accompany S. 1110]

The Committee on Armed Services, to whom was referred the bill (S. 1110) to authorize the appointment of a Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, having considered the same, report favorably thereon with amendment and recommend that the bill, as amended, do pass.

AMENDMENTS

On page 1, line 3, after the word "appoint" insert a comma and the following: "by and with the advice and consent of the Senate,".

On page 1, after the comma in line 5 insert the following: "whether in an active or retired status,".

On page 3, line 2, strike out "(including personal money allowance)" and insert in lieu thereof the following: "(active or retired, as the case may be, including personal money allowance)".

At the end of the bill insert the following new section:

SEC. 5. The rank or grade of any such commissioned officer shall, during the period in which such commissioned officer occupies the office of Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, be in addition to the numbers and percentages otherwise authorized and appropriated for the armed service of which he is a member.

PURPOSE OF THE BILL

The purpose of the bill is to authorize the President to appoint a Deputy Director of Central Intelligence from among the commissioned officers of the Armed Forces and to free any officer so appointed from military control or military command functions and to authorize him to hold rank and grade not lower than that in which serving at the time of his appointment.

EXPLANATION OF THE BILL

Reasons why the legislation is desirable

Under existing law (10 U. S. C. A. 576), a commissioned officer of the armed services must cease to be a military officer and have his commission vacated in case he is appointed to hold any civil office. Sections 102 (a) and 102 (b) of the National Security Act of 1947, as amended, authorize the President to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a Director of Central Intelligence from among the commissioned officers of the Armed Forces or from individuals in civilian life. Heretofore, the Directors so appointed have been from among the commissioned officers of the armed services. An individual from civilian life has recently been appointed and confirmed as Director of Central Intelligence and since it appears desirable to continue the practice of having an experienced military officer in one of the two top positions in Central Intelligence, this legislation authorizes the appointment of a Deputy Director under substantially the same terms as are provided in the National Security Act, as amended, for the appointment of the Director of Central Intelligence. In the form received by the committee, the bill did not require the advice and consent of the Senate to the appointment of the Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, but the committee amended the bill to require the advice and consent of the Senate in conformance with existing law governing the appointment of the Director of Central Intelligence.

Special provisions applicable to military officers

The bill contains provisions designed to free a military officer appointed as Deputy Director from supervision or control from higher echelons, and from responsibility for, or direction of, lower echelons in the Military Establishment while serving in the position of Deputy Director. In the case of a military officer appointed as Deputy Director, provision is made to protect all rights and privileges arising out of his military office. A commissioned officer of the Armed Forces serving as Deputy Director would continue to receive the pay and allowances to which an officer of his grade and length of service is entitled, for which the appropriate military department would be reimbursed from funds available to the Central Intelligence Agency. In the event the military pay and allowances of the officer were less than the rate established for the position of Deputy Director, the officer would also be paid by the Central Intelligence Agency compensation equal to the amount by which the salary established for the office exceeds the amount of his annual military pay and allowances. The committee amended the bill so as to make possible the appointment of a retired officer on the same basis that an active officer might be appointed.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH

Letters from the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency and the Department of the Air Force commenting on the original text of the bill are attached hereto and made a part of this report. The amendment suggested by the Department of the Air Force on behalf of the Department of Defense was adopted by the committee with an

APPOINT DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE 3

additional provision to make clear that one additional officer will be allowed the armed service of which the Deputy Director may be a member only so long as the commissioned officer is serving as Deputy Director of Central Intelligence. The bill in its amended form is concurred in by the departments concerned.

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY,
OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR,
Washington D. C., February 24, 1953.

HON. LEVERETT SALTONSTALL,
*Chairman, Committee on Armed Services,
United States Senate, Washington D. C.*

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: There is forwarded herewith a draft of legislation to authorize the President to appoint a Deputy Director of Central Intelligence from among individuals in private life or commissioned officers of the armed services.

Up to the present the office of the Director of Central Intelligence has been held by commissioned officers of the armed services as was authorized by law. No such authority exists for the position of the Deputy. This proposed legislation, therefore, would permit the appointment of such an officer and would insofar as possible free him from the outside control which would normally apply to an officer of the armed services and from any command functions except as may pertain to the office of Deputy Director. On the other hand, it provides that he would retain the military status and grade held by him immediately prior to such appointment.

This proposed bill has been submitted to the Bureau of the Budget, and we have been advised that they have no objection to its presentation to the Congress in its present form.

Sincerely,

ALLEN W. DULLES, *Acting Director.*

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
Washington, March 10, 1953.

HON. LEVERETT SALTONSTALL,
*Chairman, Committee on Armed Services,
United States Senate.*

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: I refer to your request for the views of the Department of Defense on S. 1110, a bill to authorize the appointment of a Deputy Director of Central Intelligence. The Secretary of Defense has assigned to the Department of the Air Force responsibility for providing your committee with a report on this legislation on behalf of the Department of Defense.

The purpose of S. 1110 is to authorize the President to appoint a Deputy Director of Central Intelligence from among individuals in civilian life or commissioned officers of the armed services. It contains provisions pertaining to the rate of compensation which the individual appointed to such position shall receive, and protects the military status, rights, privileges, and benefits of commissioned officers of the armed services appointed to such position.

In the interest of national security, the Department of Defense is in accord with providing statutory authority to facilitate the appointment of a commissioned officer of the armed services to this important position. It is believed that such a provision of law will facilitate selection and appointment of the most highly qualified men available. It is desired to point out, however, that in its present form the bill would adversely affect the armed service of which the appointee is a member.

When a commissioned officer is appointed to fill the position to be established by the bill, the duties and responsibilities which he is discharging at the time of his appointment must be assumed by another officer. There is no change in the mission and requirements of the armed service of which he is a member and which form the basis for the officer ranks and grades authorized and appropriated for that armed service. Allocation of one of these ranks or grades to a position outside of the Department of Defense and to which no consideration was given at

4 APPOINT DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

the time authorizations were made would not appear to be sound practice. It is, therefore, recommended that a new section be added following section 4, to read as follows:

"SEC. 5. The rank or grade of any such commissioned officer shall be in addition to the numbers and percentages otherwise authorized and appropriated for the armed service of which he is a member."

Incorporation of the above language would not have the effect of authorizing an additional rank or grade for the armed service concerned since the numbers of such ranks or grades available for utilization by that armed service in discharging its assigned missions and responsibilities would remain unchanged.

Enactment of this proposed legislation will not result in the expenditure of any additional funds by the Department of Defense.

This report has been coordinated among the departments and boards of the Department of Defense in accordance with procedures prescribed by the Secretary of Defense.

The Bureau of the Budget has advised that there is no objection to the submission of this report.

Sincerely yours,

HAROLD E. TALBOTT.

Calendar No. 80

83D CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. 1110

[Report No. 82]

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 27, 1953

Mr. SALTONSTALL (by request) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Armed Services

MARCH 13, 1953

Reported by Mrs. SMITH of Maine (for Mr. SALTONSTALL), with amendments

[Omit the part struck through and insert the part printed in *italic*]

A BILL

To authorize the appointment of a Deputy Director of Central Intelligence.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That the President is authorized to appoint, *by and with the*
4 *advice and consent of the Senate,* a Deputy Director of
5 Central Intelligence, from among individuals in civilian life
6 or commissioned officers of the armed services, *whether in an*
7 *active or retired status,* who shall receive compensation at
8 the rate established for such position. The Deputy Director
9 of Central Intelligence shall perform such duties and exercise
10 such powers as shall be prescribed by the Director of Central

1 Intelligence or by law and shall act for, and exercise the
2 powers of, the Director during his absence or disability.

3 SEC. 2. If a commissioned officer of the armed services is
4 appointed as Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, he
5 shall be subject to no supervision, control, restriction, or
6 prohibition (military or otherwise) other than would be
7 operative with respect to him if he were in no way connected
8 with the Department of Defense or the armed services or any
9 component thereof. He shall not possess or exercise any
10 supervision, control, powers, or functions (other than such
11 as he may possess or as may be prescribed for him as Deputy
12 Director of Central Intelligence) with respect to the armed
13 services or any component thereof, the Department of De-
14 fense, or any department, branch, bureau, unit, or division
15 thereof, or with respect to any of the personnel (military
16 or civilian) of any of the foregoing.

17 SEC. 3. Except as provided herein, appointment to,
18 acceptance of, and service as Deputy Director of Central
19 Intelligence shall in no way affect any status, office, rank, or
20 grade which a commissioned officer of the armed services may
21 occupy or hold in the armed services, or any emolument,
22 perquisite, right, privilege, or benefit incident to or arising out
23 of any such status, office, rank or grade.

24 SEC. 4. Any such commissioned officer shall, while serv-
25 ing as Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, continue to

1 hold rank and grade not lower than that in which serving at
2 the time of his appointment and to receive the military pay
3 and allowances ~~(including personal money allowance)~~ (ac-
4 tive or retired, as the case may be, including personal money
5 allowance) payable to a commissioned officer of his grade
6 and length of service, for which the appropriate department
7 shall be reimbursed from any funds available to defray the
8 expenses of the Central Intelligence Agency. He shall also
9 be paid by the Central Intelligence Agency from such funds
10 an annual compensation at a rate equal to the amount by
11 which the salary established for that office exceeds the amount
12 of his annual military pay and allowances.

13 *SEC. 5. The rank or grade of any such commissioned*
14 *officer shall, during the period in which such commissioned*
15 *officer occupies the office of Deputy Director of Central In-*
16 *telligence, be in addition to the numbers and percentages*
17 *otherwise authorized and appropriated for the armed service*
18 *of which he is a member.*

Calendar No. 80

89th CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. 1110

[Report No. 82]

A BILL

To authorize the appointment of a Deputy.
Director of Central Intelligence.

By Mr. SALTONSTALL

FEBRUARY 27, 1953

Read twice and referred to the Committee on
Armed Services

MARCH 13, 1953

Reported with amendments

83^d CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. 1110

ILLEGIB

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 27, 1953

Mr. SALTONSTALL (by request) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Armed Services

A BILL

To authorize the appointment of a Deputy Director of Central Intelligence.

- 1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That the President is authorized to appoint ^{by and with the advice and consent} a Deputy Director of the Senate,
4 of Central Intelligence, from among individuals in civilian
5 life or commissioned officers of the armed services, ^{whether in an active or} who shall ^{retired status,}
6 receive compensation at the rate established for such position.
7 The Deputy Director of Central Intelligence shall perform
8 such duties and exercise such powers as shall be prescribed
9 by the Director of Central Intelligence or by law and shall
10 act for, and exercise the powers of, the Director during his
11 absence or disability.

1 SEC. 2. If a commissioned officer of the armed services is
2 appointed as Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, he
3 shall be subject to no supervision, control, restriction, or
4 prohibition (military or otherwise) other than would be
5 operative with respect to him if he were in no way connected
6 with the Department of Defense or the armed services or any
7 component thereof. He shall not possess or exercise any
8 supervision, control, powers, or functions (other than such
9 as he may possess or as may be prescribed for him as Deputy
10 Director of Central Intelligence) with respect to the armed
11 services or any component thereof, the Department of De-
12 fense, or any department, branch, bureau, unit, or division
13 thereof, or with respect to any of the personnel (military
14 or civilian) of any of the foregoing.

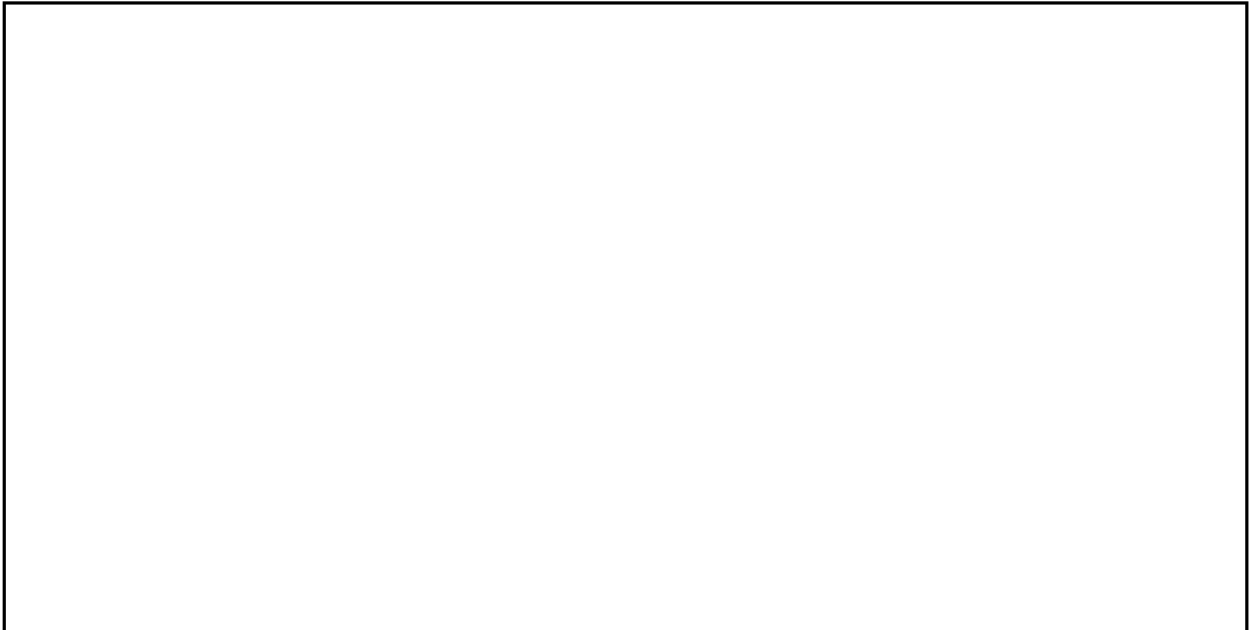
15 SEC. 3. Except as provided herein, appointment to,
16 acceptance of, and service as Deputy Director of Central
17 Intelligence shall in no way affect any status, office, rank, or
18 grade which a commissioned officer of the armed services may
19 occupy or hold in the armed services, or any emolument,
20 perquisite, right, privilege, or benefit incident to or arising out
21 of any such status, office, rank, or grade.

22 SEC. 4. Any such commissioned officer shall, while serv-
23 ing as Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, continue to
24 hold rank and grade not lower than that in which serving at

1 the time of his appointment and to receive the military pay
2 and allowances ^{(active or retired, as the case may be,} including personal money allowance) pay-
3 able to a commissioned officer of his grade and length of
4 service, for which the appropriate department shall be reim-
5 bursed from any funds available to defray the expenses of the
6 Central Intelligence Agency. He shall also be paid by the
7 Central Intelligence Agency from such funds an annual com-
8 pensation at a rate equal to the amount by which the salary
9 established for that office exceeds the amount of his annual
10 military pay and allowances.

Sec. 5. The rank or grade of any such commissioned officer shall, during the period in which such commissioned officer occupies the office of Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, be in addition to the numbers and percentages otherwise authorized and appropriated for the armed service of which he is a member.

ILLEGIB



CONGRESS
1st Session

S. 1110

A BILL

to authorize the appointment of a Deputy
Director of Central Intelligence.

By Mr. SALTONSTALL

FEBRUARY 27, 1953

twice and referred to the Committee on
Armed Services